App. F. IX-4

Previous References

1933.
(VP)

File No. 22-33
Serial Nos. 9, and 10

Later References

PRESERVED

General and Revenue Secretariat.

Serial Nos. Two.

Part B for November 1933

SUBJECT.

Resolution of the Kuppahalli V.P., Chikballapur taluk for the levy of an optional tax of Rs 6-12-0 per year on each family for general improvements in the village

To the Revenue Commissioner & Comptroller
L 3396-7 of 14-11-33
Sanctions

14-11-33

Out of a total demand of Rs 43,38,003 for the year, only a sum of ~~Rs 10,74,882/-~~ Rs 10,74,882/- was realised inclusive of remission during the year, as against Rs 904,967/- in the preceding year. Though there was some improvement in collection work as compared with the previous year, the progress of collections during the year can hardly be considered satisfactory. It is reported that the continued economic depression and the fall in prices were partly responsible for the low realisations. There is no doubt however that with the exception of a few Panchayets most of the Panchayets have not been attending to the work of collection properly.

The arrears outstanding r ecovery at the end of the year were Rs 32,63,121/- as against Rs 29,18,972/- in the preceding year. Some portion of the arrears relate to the old Panchayets and Unions carried forward in the accounts. These are mostly irrecoverable being time-barred. Action is being taken to write off these amounts from the accounts. Special Revenue Inspectors for the collection of heavy arrears were appointed in the Tumkur and Hassan Districts, under Government Order No. L.415-24/ V.P.41-32-3 dated 11th July 1933.

The arrears in the Mysore District (Rs 10,56,141), Tumkur (Rs 657,827/-) and Bangalore District (Rs 369,158) are very heavy, these three Districts alone being responsible for half of the outstanding arrears. The Deputy Commissioners have been requested to consider the desirability of taking action under Section 54 (1) of the Village Panchayet Regulation for superseding such of the Village Panchayets as persistently neglect this important duty of collection.

In 24 taluks the arrears outstanding exceed Rs 50,000/- (Vide annexure)G). Chamarajanagar Taluk has the heaviest arrears (Rs 147,419/-) and next come Nanjangud (Rs 123,083), and Tumkur (Rs 118,642/-).

7. The expenditure in Village Panchayets.

Appended statement 'B' gives the details of expenditure incurred by Village Panchayets during the year under the several heads. The total expenditure incurred during the year was 751,809/- as against Rs 725,222/- in the preceding year.

The principal items of expenditure are detailed below:-

I t e m s.	During 1932-33.	During 1931.32-
1. Office charges.	Rs 26,568	Rs 21,971
2. Collection charges.	34,862	28,958
3. Village Improvement (i.e. Conservancy and Sanitation, water supply, Public Works, Medical relief, lighting).	505,270	491,092
4. Other items.	134,541	137,351
5. Vattle Pounds.	15,321	11,770

8. Closing cash balance at the credit of the Village Panchayets.

The closing balances at the credit of the Village Panchayets in the several districts was Rs 32,60,945/- as detailed in statement 'B' In connection with the question of utilising this amount for works of public utility, such as, the opening of new Village Roads, the construction of Kacha Bridges and Causeways, the laying out of Village sites etc., according to a settled programme and under proper technical supervision, the Government considered it necessary to provide a Special Staff and have accordingly directed that the Deputy Commissioners may employ as temporary Panchayet Inspectors the subordinates of the Public Works Department and the Health

Department of the rank of a Surveyor,Sub-overseer,or Sanitary Inspector on a pay not exceeding ~~Rx80/-~~ Rs 60/- per ~~Rx~~ mensem with conveyance allowance of Rs 15/-. The number of Inspectors to be employed and their jurisdiction will be determined by each Deputy Commissioner,with reference to the value of the works likely to be undertaken and the resources of the particular Panchayets. Further necessary action is being taken by the Deputy Commissioners in he matter.

9. Progress in Sanitary arrangements,drainage,medical relief and lighting.

The amount spent by the Village Panchayets on Sanitation, Medical Relief and Lighting is as under -

	1932-33.	1931-32.
Conservancy & Sanitation	Rs 47,322	Rs 51,165
Medical Relief.	17,330	11,191
Lighting charges.	32,431	35,258

The chief item of work attended to under conservancy and sanitation were as in previous years:-

i) Removal of prickly pear,lantana and other rank vegetation.

ii) Filling up of insanitary pits and cess-pools etc..

iii) Employment of sweeping and scavenging establishments.
iv) Construction and repair of drains in Villages.
iv) Acquiring and alloting sites for dumping manure.

vi) Construction of Sanitary Latrines on prescribed models.

Several Village Panchayets rendered medical aid in their villages by distributing quinine and anti-malarial pills freely. As in previous years,some of the Village Panchayets contributed their quota for the maintenance of District Board Dispensaries and Ayurvedic and Unani Vaidyasalas. At Taylur, in Kolar District, a new District Board Dispensary was opened during the year and the Panchayets of Taylur

and neighbouring villages are paying Rs 300/- a year for recurring expenditure and have paid Rs 1,000/- for initial expenditure. Proposals for opening some more Dispensaries of the kind in Kolar, Tumkur, Mysore and Kadur Districts were under correspondence at the close of the year. The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District reports that a building at Kayathanahalli in Seringapatam taluk for the location of a Dispensary by a Local gentleman at his own cost is nearing completion and that the question of constucting a Dispensary at Ravandur in Hunsur taluk according to Type Design is under correspondence. New Vaidyasalas were opendd in a few Village Panchayets during the year. Rampur village Panchavet in Kortagere taluk and Kallur village Panchayet in Gubbi Taluk xxxxxxxxxxx arranged for Medical aid in the villages by arranging weekly visits of the Sub Assistant Surgeons at Kortagere and Kadaba. A rural midwife has been entertained by the Midigesi Village Panchayet.

In view of the changed health conditions in the Irwin Canal area, Government have sanctioned a sum of Rs 15,000/- for distribution of quinine to the residents in the villages affected by Malaria.

Street lighting in Villages received greater attention during the year. Ordinary Kerosine lights were made use of by most of the Village Panchayets while some Village Panchayets provided Petromax lights for street lighting. Electric lights were xx installed in about 25 villages mostly in the Bangalore, Kolar and Mysore Districts. It is reported that Schemes for installation of electic lights in some more villages, mostly in the Bangalore and Kolar Districts were in various stages of progress.

10. Progress in the execution of public works.

A sum of Rs 3,35,663/- was spent on public works during the year as against Rs 2,9..,573/- in the preceding year. The works executed were mostly Panchayet-Halls, Chavadies, School

Buildings, Drains, Roads, Culverts, Cattle-pounds, Name-boards and Gate-pillars, Parks etc.,.

11. State of water-supply and action taken to improve the same.

During the year a sum of Rs 76,946/- for water-supply and maintenance charges was expended by the Village Panchayets as against Rs 99,905/- in the preceding year.

A large number of wells were sunk for the use of the villagers as well as Adikarnatakas with the help of Government grants, District Board contributions, Village Panchayet Funds and Villager's contribution in cash and labour.

Thirty six new wells both for villagers and Adikarnatakas were sanctioned in the Bangalore District during the year.

Grants were given for 29 Adikarnataka wells in the Kolar District besides the usual grant-in-aid to Village Panchayet for improving old wells and sinking new ones.

In the Tumkur District in addition to 107 incomplete well works, which remained at the commencement of the year, 67 fresh wells were undertaken during the year and an expenditure of Rs 13,308/- incurred and 35 well works were completed during the year. Many private wells are also stated to have been repaired by means of weekly labour system.

The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, states that, the Government grant of Rs 6000/- was utilised for giving grants-in-aid to 17 well works. 71 well works were started during the year, the cost being met partly from Government grant and partly from the Village Panchayet Funds and contribution by the villagers. The work of sinking wells in certain villages in the Mysore Taluk with the help of the donation of the Late Lokasevaniratha Mr. Ambale Anniah Pandit, Mysore is reported to be nearing completion.

In the Shimoga District, 14 well works are reported to have been completed during the year. A contribution of 200/ was given by the District Board for sinking a well at Chinnakatte village in Honnali Taluk. In Kadur District,13 new wells were completed, in addition to the work of ordinary repairs and deepening of wells. Gokattes were also constructed in Chikmagalur,Kadur,Tarikere and Mudgere taluks. The Government grant of Rs 5,000/- sanctioned to Kadur District for Drinking water wells was transferred to the District Board who have spent a sum of Rs 5,010/- on 17 well works,which are reported to be in various stages of progress. The bore-well sunk at Bagguvalli in Tarikere Taluk at an estimated cost of Rs 1000/- is reported to be successful yielding 4 to 5 hundred gallons of water per hour.

In Chitaldrug District drinking water wells and construction and repairs of Gokattes and hondas were undertaken at a cost of Rs 3,820 /-. A proposal to instal a power pump in the Turuvenur village in the Chitaldrug Taluk and to supply water through pipes is reported to be under consideration.

12. Contributions from Government,District Boards and Private Persons.

Government grants:- The following allotments were made to the several Districts out of the budget grants for the year for giving grants-in-aid to Village Panchayets:-

District.	Under assignments to Village Panchayets.	Under Drinking water wells in Villages.
Bangalore.	Rs 3,000/-	Rs 4,000
Kolar.	3,000 (A)	8,000
Tumkur	3,000	4,000
Mysore.	3,500	6,000
Hassan.	2,500 (A)	4,000
Shimoga.	2,500	6,000
Kadur.	2,500	5,000
Chitaldrug.	2,500	7,800
Total.	22,500	44,800

Note:- A - A portion of the allotments under Assignments to Village Panchayets which had remained un-utilised was appropriated for meeting the arrear Travelling Allowance claims of the Village Panchayet Staff.

The total amount received by the Village Panchayets as Government Grant and contributions from District Boards and Private persons aggregated Rs 71,807/- for the year as against Rs 81,691/- in the preceding year.

No contribution worth mentioning was made by private persons during the year. The Deputy Commissioner, Hassan reports that Mr. Abdul Razak of Aeralapura got a well sunk at his own cost and gave it to the local Village Panchayet.

13. Cattle Pounds.

The realisations from Cattle Pounds in the several Village Panchayets during the year amounted to Rs 35,22?/- and the expenditure thereon was Rs 15,321/- as detailed below:-

District.		Realisations.	Expenditure.
Bangalore.		Rs 4,973	Rs 1,642
Kolar.		4,788	1,112
Tumkur.		5,613.	3,505
Mysore.		2,026	1,254
Hassan.		5,000	1,205
Shimoga.		2,396	540
Kadur.		5,627	3,935
Chitaldrug.		6,798.	2,128
Total.	1932-33.	35,222	15,321
	1931-32.	32,131	11,770

Four new Cattle pounds in the Tumkur District, 3 in the Hassan, 4 in Shimoga and seven in the Kadur Districts are stated to have been opened during the year.

14. Important Schemes & their working.

Weekly labour system:- Weekly labour for communal purposes is being insisted upon by some of the Village Panchayets and work to the extent of over 1½ lakhs of rupees is reported to have been turned out during the year under this system. The Chief items of work done by this communal free-labour consisted of, as usual (1) removal of prickly pear, lantan and other rank vegetation, in and about the villages, (2) repairs to Chavadies, Temples and School buildings, (3) filling up of insanitary pits, removal of manure heaps and deepening of village wells, (4) clearing of weeds in tanks and (5) planting of avenue trees. The system has yet to become popular in many villages.

ii) Levy of optional taxes:- Sanction was accorded to the levy of optional tax under Section 37 of the Village Panchayet Regulation to 12 Village Panchayets. A number of Village Panchayets have also passed resolutions for levying optional taxes, and the matter is under correspondence.

iii) Improved ploughs and other Agricultural Implements etc.

In the Bangalore District, ~~improved~~ improved kaugh ploughs were supplied to 15 village Panchayets in Dodballapur taluk and proposals for the purchase of improved agricultural implements and crushing mills by some more Village Panchayets are under consideration. Eight Village Panchayets in Hassan District and six in Shimoga District are reported to have purchased improved agricultural implements for hiring them out to the villagers at nominal price. The Deputy Commissioner, Kadur states that a Sugar Cane Mill was purchased by the Koppa Panchayet through the Agricultural Department for being given

The Shantigrama Village Panchayet in the Hassan Taluk was entrusted with the management of the tank in their village, in accordance with Government Order No.R.2645/~.R.181-32-2 dated 7th December 1932. The Village Panchayets of Gangasandra, Yemmiganur, Jayala in the Holalkere taluk, Kondajji in the Harihar Sub Taluk and Bharmasamudra in the Jagalur Taluk are reported to have been exercising the powers of a Tank Panchayet under Section 23 of the Village Panchayet Regulation.

In a number of cases, the management and control of Muzrai institutions were also transferred to the Village Panchayets concerned and it is learnt that the Village Panchayets managed the affairs of these institutions satisfactorily. The management of the Muzrai Institutions of Akkatangirakatte- Hanumanthadevaru and Doddire Hanumantha Devaru was entrusted to the Village Panchayet of Dodderi in the Honnali Taluk and three Village Panchayets in Sorab Taluk viz., Kuppe, Kubatur and Bettadakurke undertook the management of temples. The Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldrug District reports that 40 Muzrai Institutions were unde the management of the Village Panchayets in his District.

Many of the Village Panchayets have taken active interest in planting avenue trees and fruit and shade trees in the Village Panchayet areas, in accordance with instructions issued in Government Order No.R.7692-702 L.R.68-27-16 dated 28th May 1930.

vii) Village Panchayet Schools:-

The Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldrug states that there were 25 Village Panchayet Experimental Schools, in his District and six more Village Panchayet Experimental Schools were started during the year. Proposals for opening II more schools of this kind were under consideration. Details in respect of other Districts are not available.

viii) Miscellaneous Schemes:-

Model villages were started in several Taluks to serve as examples and stimulate work in other places.

to the ryots on hire. Besides this, Ragi seed and manure were also purchased from the Agricultural Department by a number of Village Panchayets and distributed among the ry ts. The Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldrug states that a large number of Village Panchayets purchased 'selection 69' cotton seeds and distributed the same among the villagers.

iv) BREEDING BULLS:* A fairly large number of Village Panchayets are reported to have purchased breeding bulls from the Agricultural Department for service in villages. Several village Panchayets in Chitaldrug and Kolar Districts engaged castration demonstrators for castrating all scrub bulls.

v) Postal facilities in villages.

The locked bag system introduced last year in Motaganahalli and Kondahalli in Closepet taluk is reported to have been discontinued during the year under report as the Panchayets concerned failed to provide funds for carrying the bags to thei villages from the nearest Post Office. But the system is work- ing well in other places. The marginally noted two villages in Kolar District introduced the system afresh during the yea

* 1. Kodadavadi.
  2. Byrakur.

vi) Transfer of Village Forests, tanks etc., to Village Panchayets.

Thalkunte Village Panchayet in the Kolar District, Sivasandra, Bylakere, Navalkere, Veeralgondi and Hedagihalli Village Panchayets in the Tumkur District. Doddamargowdanahalli Village Panchayet in the Mysore District and Kondajji village Panchayet in the Chitaldrug District were given the power of managing the Village Forests within their jurisdiction unde Section 22 of the Village Panc ayet Regulation during the yea Proposals for the transfer of some more Village Forests were under correspondence at the close of the year.

P.T.B

App. F. IX-4

1934.
(V.P.)

File No. 12-33

Serial Nos. 142, 166

Previous References

V.P. 12-32 (107, 124, 125)

Later References.

PRESERVED

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Preserve
Sheets
4/12/52

Serial Nos. two

Part B for July 34

SUBJECT.

Acquisition of S. Nos 97+98 in Kaguri hamlet, Kodlapura Village, Nanjangud Taluk, for village extension

142 166

The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore Dt

WD 01965—GPB—15,000—7-7-34

L 724 31-7-34

Stats Mat There is no need to issue any fresh declaration &

1/8/34

Measures introduced for the beautification of villages, like laying out approach roads, curb-stones on either side of the roads, erection of ornamental gate-pillars, fixing up of name-boards, laying out of Parks, construction of Village Panchayet Halls and Village Extensions on Sanitary principles received increased attention during the year.

Improvement of Village communications and their linking with main roads received special attention during this year also. Communal labour was freely made use of for the purpose. The Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District mentions that, during the year improvements and repairs to the existing roads and laying out of new roads at a cost of Rs 20,060/- both from Villa e Panchayet funds and by means of unpaid Communal labour were effected in his District and this helped to mitigate to some extent the difficulties experienced by villagers in the interior parts of the Malnad for want of good roads. A sum of Rs 22,098/- subsidised by grants from the District Board is reported to have been spent for the improvement, and repairs of the existing roads in the Chitaldrug District. A good deal of work has also been done in the Tumkur District in the way of laying fair weather roads to connect important villages.

Reading Rooms and Libraries are reported to be fairly popular in the villages. It is reported that 10 Reading Rooms were newly opened during the year in Chennagiri Taluk.

Many village Panchayets subscribed, for use in their Reading Rooms for Journals like the Mysore Agricultural and Union Journal, Arthasadhaka Patrika, the Mysore Village Panchayet Journal and the Mysore Gazette (Kannada).

The Rural Health Unit Staff continued to do good work during the year in the Mandya Taluk. They carried on propaganda work in educating the people in matters of sanitation and health and took timely action to check the spread of ~~any~~ epidemics in their Unit.

Dr. Sweet,Consultant in Health,has suggested that Paris Green Control of Anopheline Breeding be taken up in certain select villages in the area and a Committee has been constituted to select the Villages to be taken up for special attention in this and other allied activities.

15. Prosecutions by Village Panchayets.

Appended statement 'E' indicates prosecutions launched by Village Panchayets during the year 1932-33. The prosecution were mostly for construction of buildings in Village Panchaye areas without licenses, and offences relating to sanitation and obstruction caused to the Village Panchayet Officers in the discharge of their duties. In a number of cases,mostly in the Mysore District,prosecutions were also launched for misappropriation of Village Panchayet Funds.

16. Names of gentlemen who have evinced conspicuous practical interest in the administration of Village Panchayet

As in the previous years, many non-official gentlemen took keen interest in the working of the Village Panchayets. The names mentioned by the Deputy Commissioners in this connection are indicated in the appended statement ~~XX~~ 'F'.

General:-

The Village Panchayet Cinema gave a large number of Shows particularly in the interior villages,but the staff had to be disbanded as directed by Government in their Order No.L.2967-8/V.P.61-31-116 dated 25th October 1932,as the Cinema film had become very old

In the All-India Dasara Exhibition held at Mysore in October 1932, a Rural Industries Section was organised.

No District and Taluk Conferences were organised in any of the Districts during this year also,owing to the continuanc of financial stringency and consequent necessity to effect economies in expenditure. Village Panchayet Conferences were however held in some Taluks in the Districts of Bangalore,K Kolar,Tumkur,Shimoga and Kadur.

A "Baby Show" and Health Exhibition were held in Hosakote under the Presidency of Sir Charles Todhunter,Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore. Baby weeks were also organised in Nelamangala,Chennapatna and Anekal. Cattle shows were organised at the Conference of the Village Panchayets held at Krishnarajapet and the Jatras at Nelebeedu in Hunsur Taluk and at Kudli in Shimoga Taluk under the management of the District Boards.

Exhibitions were organised as adjuncts to the Conferences at Bowringpet,Malur and Krishnarajapet. The First Member of Council presided at the Combined Taluk and Village Panchaye Conference at Bowringpet and the Village Panchayet Conference at Mulbagal in the Mulbagal Taluk. Mr.S.P. Rajagopalachari, the then Revenue Commissioner presided over the Village Panchayet Conference at Chendandur in Goribidnur Taluk. In the Conferences that ~~were~~ were held, matters relating to the Village Panchayet work and rural reconstruction and the major and minor wants of the Taluk etc., were discussed and the usual propaganda work was carried on by means of lectures,demonstrations and shows by the various Departments of Government.

The Government Grant for ~~Rur~~ Rural Reconstruction work for the year was 56,800/-, out of which a sum of Rs. 25,000/- was distributed among the Village Panchayets for undertaking

OFFICE OF THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER,
IN MYSORE,

No. C.821/33-34.

Dated, Bangalore, 9th October *1933.*

10.OCT.1933

FROM

N. Madhava Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.

To

H.V. Ramaswami, Esq., M.A., B.L.,
General Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
Bangalore.

10 OCT. 1933

Levy of optional tax by Kuppahalli Village Panchayet in Chickballapur Taluk - Re -

SIR,

I have the honour to state that the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, has reported in his letter No.O.T.26/32-33 dated 17th August 1933, that the Kuppahalli Village Panchayet in Chickballapur Taluk, has resolved, after observing the prescribed formalities to levy, under Section 37 of the Village Panchayet Regulation, an optional tax of Rs.6-12-0 per year on each family for general improvements in the village and has recommended sanction to the proposal of the Village Panchayet. Sanction of Government may, therefore be obtained to the levy of the optional tax as recommended by the Deputy Commissioner.

2. A copy of Deputy Commissioner's letter dated 17th August 1933 and the resolution of Village Panchayet concerned are herewith forwarded for reference.

I have the honour to be,

S i r,

Your most obedient servant,

N. Madhava Rao

Revenue Commissioner.

Omitted with a dft. G.O. sanctioning kind approval. [The proposal is reported to have been passed by not less than 2/3rds of the members constituting the Village Panchayet as required under proviso to Sec. 37(1) of the V.P. Regulation]

Maybe approved

GENERAL SECRETARIAT

27 DEC

2000

works of the Improvement. Besides this, a sum of Rs 50,000/- for Drinking water wells and R. 65,000/- for Tube-wells had been allotted by Government for the year. Some of the Village Panchayets as noted on the margin were also given advances for undertaking village extensions.

* Village Panchayet.	Taluk.	Amount.
1. Chikmuduvadi.	Kankanhalli.	Rs 750-0-0
2. Kyathahalli.	Seringapatam	1000-0-0
3. Rupena-Agrahara.	Bangalore.	449-1-8

During the year, rules for the raising of loans by Village Panchayets under Section 40 (A) of the Village Panchayet Regulation, were framed and issued in Governmen Notification No.L. 5770-V.P.60-31-5 dated 2/3rd March 1933. Rules regarding the refund of taxes collected by the Village Panchayets were also published in Government Notification No.L.8607/V.P.60-32-3 dated 29th June 1933. As a measure of decentralisation, Government have delegated the powers under Sections 5(2), 10 (b), 30 (1), & 35 (3), 42 and 49 (2) of the Village Panchayet Regulation to the Revenue Commissioner (Vide Government Notification No.L.7674/V.P.dated 19th/22nd May 1933). In order to ensure proper scrutiny and check over the accounts of the Village Panchayets, Government have, in their order No.L.6364-74/V.P.29-29-14 dated 28th/31st March 1933, prescribed a memorandum of questions for the audit of Village Panchayet Accounts.

18. Conclusion.

The continued economic depression has had its repurcussions on the progress of the Village Panchayet Scheme and its activities. Considerable difficulty was felt in recovering the taxes due, and the arrears therefore continued to be heavy. In spite of this, however, a number of Panchayets carried on their work satisfactorily and in-

inaugurated various improvements as detailed already.

N MacDonagh

Revenue Commissioner.

BS.

A. STATEMENT SHOWING THE INCOME OF VILLAGE PANCHAYETS IN THE STA

Sl. No.	District.	House tax.	Tax on shops & places of trade or business.	Cart tax.	Tax on vacant sites and hittals.	Other taxes cesses or rates.	License fees.	Other fees.	C P
1.	Bangalore.	77,032.	2,050	108	8,177.	511	3	544	4
2.	Kolar.	72,099.	3,176	596	5,725	95	1	16	4
3.	Tumkur.	61,484	4,820	482	7,247	1,719.	92	4,533	5
4.	Mysore.	80,761	2,192	426	10,341	259	15	1,831	2
5.	Hassan.	51,986	1,438	290	7,634	2,661	1	2,068	3
6.	Shimoga.	55,668	2,833	548	7,926	73	-	205	2
7.	Kadur.	42,022	1,222	299	2,581	1	15	24	5
8.	Chitaldrug.	79,621	4,576	734	9,911	216	0	546	6
	Total.	520,673.	22,307.	3483	59,542	5,535.	127.	9,777.	35

TS IN THE STATE DURING XXXX. 1932-33.

tle nds.	Other item.	Deposits.	Advances.	Total expendi ture.	Closing balance.	Grand total.	Expenditure for previous year.
542	27,243	1,755	7,673	107830	4,09,231	5,17,061	77,411
712	31615.	910	3,320	120009	3,93,855	5,13,864	1,53,282
505.	9,504.	312	2,302.	88,151	4,83,213	5,72,364	1,14,247
254	23,490.	3,083.	4,712.	125618	6,51,913.	7,77,531.	1,06,165
205.	7,356	883	594	59,030	3,55,351	4,14,381	49,290
540	6,170	346	1,638	55,580	3,56,686	4,12,266	45,013
935	3,929	—	3,114	58,636	1,91,355	2,49,991	50,637
.28.	25,234	682	3,923.	1,36,955.	4,02,670.	5,39,625.	1,28,177
321.	1,34,541.	7,971.	27,276.	7,51,809	32,45,274	39,97,083	7,25,222

G. Rudramma

In Revenue Commissioner.

B. STATEMENT SHOWING THE DETAILS OF EXPENDITURE IN VILLAGE PANCHA

Sl. No.	District.	Office charges.	Collection charges.	Conservancy & Sanitation.	Water supply & maintenance charges.	Public works.	Medical relief.	Lighting charges.	Ca pc
1.	Bangalore.	746.	3,993.	3,505	7,436.	48,380.	1,009.	4,448	1
2.	Kolar.	5,608-	3,822.	8,770	11,314.	49,360.	1,489.	2,689.	1
3.	Tumkur.	4,825	3,137.	9,115	12,875.	34,487.	4,598.	3,491.	3
4.	Mysore.	4,409	6,206.	12,068.	9,388.	54,634.	1,821.	4,553.	1
5.	Hassan.	3,505	5,029.	3,583.	8,053	25,332.	619.	2,871	1
6.	Shimoga.	1,794	4,774.	2,091	3,484	33,654	263	826	
7.	Kadur.	1,162	2,713	3,915	5,805	28,027	54	5,982	3
8.	Chitaldrug.	4,519.	5,188.	4,273	18,591	61,789	3,027.	7,601	2
	Total.	26,568.	34,862.	47,320	76,946	3,35,663.	12,880.	32,461.	15

DURING ⁂ 1932-33.

tle nds.	Fines.	Grants and contri-bution.	Other items	Deposits.	Advances.	Total income.	Opening balance.	Grand Total.	Income of the pre-vious year.
73	246	7,255	19,278.	683	338.	121208.	395853.	5,17,061.	120146
88	1,009.	14,424.	31,947	3,294	1,106	138276.	375588.	5,13,864.	137715
14	20.	8,327.	19,691	2,613	2,238.	118880.	453484	5,72,364.	126609
26	344.	14,329.	27,208.	6,573	1,876.	148181.	629350	7,77,531.	123532
00	55.	6,488.	11,410.	568	873	88472.	325909.	4,14,381.	79,108
96	54.	8,500	15,568.	1,709	310	95,790.	316476	4,12,266.	76,067
27	2	1,436.	4,877	170	668.	58,944.	191047.	2,49,991.	55,081
98	20	12,699.	21,657	129	1,855.	1,38,762.	400863.	5,39,625.	1,25,942
22.	1,750.	73,458.	151636.	15,739	9,264.	9,08,513.	30,88,570.	39,97,083.	8,44,200

for G. Rudrappa
Revenue Commissioner.

C.STATEMENT SHOWING THE DETAILS OF BALANCES AND INVESTMENTS AND
Village Panchayets in THE STATE DURING the year 1932-

Sl. No	District.	Closing Balance.				Details of custody of c		
		Deposits.	Advances.	Other heads.	Total.	In Govt. Treasury.	In Govt. Savings Bank.	In Sa Ba
1.	Bangalore.	2,24,552.	730	1,83,949.	4,09,231	46,381	3,60,561.	
2.	Kolar.	3,93,113	705	37	3,93,855	-	3,93,150	
3.	Tumkur.	2,17,224	3,987	2,63,002.	4,84,213	-	4,80,024	
4.	Mysore.		10,931	6,55,153.	6,66,084*	-	6,51,913	1
5.	Hassan.	281	987	3,54,083	3,55,351	-	3,54,354	
6.	Shimoga.	74,461	-	2,82,225	3,56,686	-	3,55,560	
7.	Kadur.	1,91,414	1,441	-	1,92,855*	1,500	1,88,727	1
8.	Chitaldrug.	-	1,780	4,00,890	4,02,670		4,00,890	
Total.		11,01,045.	20,561	21,39,339.	32,60,945.	47,881	31,85,179	1,

* The difference in the closing balance figures in the Mysore and Kadur as compared with statement 'B' is due to the inclusion of the perma held by the chairmen of the Village Panchayets etc.,.

5549

No. D4.3805/33.
Enc. one file

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
MYSORE DISTRICT.

Dated, Mysore, 25th May 1934.

FROM

C. S. KUPPUSWAMIENGAR, ESQ.,
Deputy Commissioner,
Mysore District.

TO

M. Venkatanaranappa, Esq., B.A.,
Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
Development Department, Bangalore.

DEVELOP
28 MAY 1934

SIR,

Acquisition of Survey Nos. 97 and 98 in Bagur hamlet of Kudlapura village, Nanjangud Taluk, required for village extension.

Adverting to Government Order No.L.7501-3/V.P.12-32-124 dated 13/16th May 1933 sanctioning the acquisition of Survey Nos. 97 and 98 in Bagur hamlet of Kudlapura village, Nanjangud Taluk, for village extension, I have the honor to state that the Sub Division Officer, Nanjangud, reports that the extents of these survey numbers as originally entered in the final D statements and published in the Mysore Gazette dated 8th June 1933 are since found to be wrong after the lands were got remeasured by the Surveyor for fixing the shares of the several owners.

The Survey Numbers 97 and 98 are stated to actually measure 3 acres 20 guntas and 3 acres 13 guntas respectively as against 1 acre 29 guntas and 2 acres 35 guntas already notified.

As the village Kudlapura is an unsettled inam village, the mistake was allowed to creep in by the Revenue Inspector when fixing up the extents of several anubhavadars in these survey numbers.

I am therefore submitting herewith fresh D statements with correct extents to be acquired and request you to kindly obtain necessary sanction of Government for the acquisition of these extents and to cause these notifications to be pub-

STODY OF CLOSING BALANCES ~~IN~~ of

ng balances.

tal s	with Chairman or Secy.	In other places.	Total.
	2,289.		409231
	705		393855
	4,145	44	484213
	10,931	3087	666084
	987	10	355351
	1,044	82	356686
7	1,441	-	192855
	1,780	-	402670
	23,382	3,223	32,60,945

;ricts,
; advance

G. Rudrappa

Revenue Commissioner.

D. Statement showing the Demand, Collection and Balance of the Vi

District.	Compulsory taxes levied under Section.36.				Other taxes, cesses & fees levied under		
	Arrears.	New demand.	Collection including remission.	Balance.	Arrears.	New demand.	Colle inclu remi
2.	3(a)	3(b)	3(c)	3 (dd	4 (a)	4(b)	4(c)
1. Bangalore.	*3,52,666	1,51,128.	1,34,636	3,69,158	-	3	3
2. Kolar.	1,84,613	1,31,510	1,04,619	2,11,504	92	2	2
3. Tumkur.	5,54,024	1,78,748	75,287	6,57,485	201	131	-
4. Mysore.	*9,27,323	2,71,590	1,43,822.	10,55,091	626	390	301
5. Hassan.	~~320295~~ 3,20,295	1,11,758.	89,242	3,42,811	20	56	18
6. Shimoga.	2,30,543	97,539	98,972	2,29,110	47	141	120
7. Kadur.	* 1,13,542	70,482	69,170	1,14,834	-	-	-
8. Chitaldrug.	239159.	1,48,908	1,06,706	2,81,361	-	40835	40,83
Total.	29,22,165.	11,61,643.	822454	32,61,354.	986	41,558.	41,2

* Note. The Deputy Commissioners of Bangalore, Mysore and Kadur have furni

Serial No.	
19	X 33967 dt 14 11.33 To The Rev. Comm the Comptroller to Govt Sanctions the proposal

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 70—GBPM—60,000—13-8-31

age Panchayets in the State during 1932-33.

ates Sec.37.	Other items.				Total.			
tion ing sion.	Balance.	Arrears.	New demand.	Collection including remission.	Balance.	Arrears.	New demand.	Collection including remission	Balance
4(d).	5(a)	5(b)	5(c)	5(d)	6(d)	6(a)	6(b)	6(c)	6(d)
-	-	24,948	24,948	-		352666	176079.	159587.	369158
92	37	49,757	40,657	137		184742	172269.	145278	211733
352	-	44,855	44,825	10		554225	223714.	120112	657827
715	440	50,902	51,067	335		928389	322882	195130.	1056141
58	-	25,198	25,198	-		320315	137011	114459.	342867
68	22	14,371	14,371	22		230612	112051	113463.	229200
-	-	10,121	10,121	-		113542	80583.	79291.	114834
-	-	21	21	-		239159.	199764.	147562	281361
1265	499	211,153	211148	504		2923650.	1414353.	1074882	3263121

hed revised figures under arrears.

for G Sundrappa
Revenue Commissioner.

E. STATEMENT SHOWING THE RESULT OF PROSECUTIONS UNDER TH

AND THE RULES THEREUNDER IN THE SEVERAL D

Sl. No.	District.	Sections or rules under which offences were committed.	Nature of offences.	No. of persons pending trial at the beginning of the yr.	No.of persons newly prosecuted during the yr.	Total No.	No.of perso acqui ted or dis - charge
1.	Bangalore	Village Panchayet Regulation Sec.29,32,62, 63 & 64.	Construction of houses without licenses.	2	3	5	-
2.	K o l ar.	Sec.29,30,31, 62 & 64.	Construction of houses without license,Sanitation offences,~~mix~~ nuisance obstruction etc.,.	11	21	32	12
3.	Tumkur.	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.	Mysore.	Sec.29,32,62, 63 & 64.	Construction of houses without licenses.	5	13	18	10
5.	Hassan.	Sec. 29 & 63.	Construction of houses without license.	-	1	1	
6.	Shimoga.	do.	do.		5	5	
7.	Kadur.	Sec.~~62~~x 62 & 63 (a)	Construction of houses without license & removal of the name board.	-	2	2	-
8.	Chitaldrug.	Sec.29,62 & 63.	Contruction of houses without license,and obstructing a Panchayet Officer in the discharge of his duties.	Causing public nuisance			
	Total.			18.	86	104	43

Reven

E VILLAGE PANCHAYET REGULATION

ISTRICTS DURING 1932-33.

No.of persons with whom offences were com-pounded.	No.of persons against whom cases were with drawn.	Fines imposed.	Remarks
-	1	Rs 1-0-0.	-
	5	26-10-0	Under trial.4.
-	2	10-0- 0	--
1	-	2-0-0	Prosecuted on 3-7-33
3	1	14-0-0	One case is pending e - quiry.
		2-0-0	One xxde under trial
4	10	91-10- 0	

C Rudrappa

ıe Commissioner.

STATEMENT G.

List of taluks having very heavy arrears of Village Panchayet taxes (i.e.Rs 50,000 and above) at the end of June 1933.

	Arrears on 30th June 1933. Rs
Bangalore District.	
1. Bangalore.	56,212.
2. Chennapatna.	68,652
3. Kankanhalli.	80,745
Kolar District.	N i l.
Tumkur District.	
1. Tumkur Taluk.	1,18,642.
2. Madhugiri.	77,613.
3. Sira.	72,588
4. Gubbi.	~~xxxxx~~ 105465
5. Tiptur.	74,996
6. Kunigal.	63,444.
Mysore District.	
1. Yedatore.	54,924.
2. Hunsur.	50,152
3. Nanjangud.	1,23,083
4. T.Narasipur.	70,618
5. Gundlupet.	70,963
6. Chamarajnagar.	1,47,419
7. Nagamangala.	66,613.
8. Krishnarajpet.	1,16,276
9. Maddur.	~~75414~~ 754
10. Malavalli.	70,951.
Hassan District.	
1. Hassan Taluk	75,241
2. Arsikere.	54,829
3. Chennarayapatna.	55,851
Shimoga District.	
1 Chennagiri.	50,598.
Kadur District.	Nil
Chitaldrug District.	
1. Chitaldrug Taluk,	67,761

G Ramdrajan
for Revenue Commissioner.

STATEMENT F :- Names of gentlemen who have shown conspicuous practical interest in the Administration of Village Panchayets during ~~1930-31.~~ 1932—33.

BANGALORE DISTRICT

	Name:-
Bangalore Taluk.	
1. Begur village.	Mr. Annaiappa. Chairman.
Dodballapur Taluk.	
1. Khasbage.	~~Mr.~~ Lokasevaniratha
2. Kodimanagondahalli.	M~~r~~. D. Kongadiappa. "
3. Basettihalli.	M~~r~~. D. Venkatasubba Rao "
4. Arakamallige.	" Ramachandra Rao. "
5. Thippur.	" T.Siddappa. "
6. Huskur.	" PatelT.Rudrappa. "
7. Chick Belavangala.	" Patel Hiriyannagowda "
8. Rajagatta	" Patel Thimmegowda "
9. Gundasandra	" Patel Nanjappa. "
10. Thubagere.	" Patel Bylegowda.
11. Jodi Arudi.	" R.Giri Setty.
12. Sri Ramanahalli.	" K.Y.Srinivasa Rao
13. Kadnoor.	" Patel Narasimhagowda
14. Ramadevanahalli.	" Arakere Nanjundiah.
15. Dod Tumkur.	" Janardhana Singh.
16. Doddahejjaji.	" D.M. Thambannappa.
17. Maralenahalli.	" Patel Veeregowda.
18. Palanjogihalli.	" Patel Hanumegowda.
19. Nagadenahalli.	" S.Thimmiah.
20. Yekasipura.	" Doddiah.
	" Patel Thimmegowda.
Nelamangala Taluk.	
1. Dasanpur.	" Honnappa.
2. Mallarasanavadi.	" Hanumantharayappa Chairman
3. Thotadaguddahalli.	" Hanumanthiah. "
4. Gundigere.	" Channumaregowda
5. Gabbur.	" Phaniyappa. Chairman
6. Matiahalli	" Shantappa "
7. Devarahosahalli	" Shantaveeriah "
8. Devanahalli Taluk.	
1 Bagaloor.	" Ramiah.
2. Budigere.	" B.Rama Rao.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

~~Contd.~~

Devanhalli Taluk. Continued	Name.
3. Avathi.	Mr.D.Naranappa -Chairman.
4. Chickjala.	" C.Nanjundappa. "
5. Viswanathapur.	" Hanumantharayappa. "
6. Hosudya.	" Ramiah. "

Closepet Taluk.	
1. Thadikawagal.	Mr.Venkata Gowda "
2. Sugganahalli.	" S.L.Muddabasaviah. "
3. Archikarahalli.	" Veerabhadriah "
4. Banandur.	" Kottappa. "
5. Dod Sule'ere.	" Revanna. "
6. Bannikuppe.	" Choodegowda. "
7. Byramangala.	" Veerasanjeeva gowda. "
8. Mayeganahalli.	" Gurulingiah. "
9. Seshagirihalli.	" Revegowda. "

Channapatna Taluk.	
1- Nagavar.	" Lingiah-Village Panchayet Member.
2. Singarajpur.	" Gopal Setty. Chairman.

KOLAR DISTRICT.

Bowringpet Taluk:-	
1. Madamangala.	Mr.Sivappa.
2. Karimangala.	" Gangappa.
3. Kamasandra.	" V.Krishnappa Naidu.
4. Thoppanahalli.	" ¥ Shanbhog Subbiah.
5. Sundarapalya.	" Veerappa.
6. Byatarayanahalli.	" Kempe Gowda.
7. Ghatmadamangala.	" Lakshmikanta Rao.

Malur Taluk.	
1.Lakkur.	" Ramiah.
2. Santehalli.	" Venkatasami Gowda.
3. Kudeanur.	" Raja Iyengar.
4. Huldenahalli.	" Veere Gowda.
5. Thorlakki.	" Naranappa.
6. Narasapur.	" Narayana Rao.

KOLAR DISTRICT.

Mulbagal Taluk

1.Nangli.	Mr.N.R.Srinivasa Rao.
2. Gudipalli.	" G.Ramappa.
3. Byrakur.	" Chenge Gowda.
4. Varadeganahalli.	" Rangappa.
5. Kannasandra.	" Shamanna.

Srinivasapur Taluk.

1. Airukalve.	" Pattabhi Rama Rao.
2. Mudimadagu.	" Seshappa.

Chintamani Taluk.

1. Talagavara.	" Thimmaiya.
2.Kalluhalli.	" K.Gopala Rao.
3.	

Goribidnur Taluk.

1.Somasettihalli.	" Putte Gowda.
2. Gedare.	" Naraseappa.

Chikballapur Taluk.

Kethenahalli.	" Venkatarayappa.

Bagepalli Taluk.

1. Margankunte.	" Appaji Nanjundappa.
2. Julupalya.	" Narayana Rao.
3. Polinaikanahalli.	" Byra Reddi.
4. Mittemari.	" Chowdappa.
5. Chakavel.	" Subba Reddi.
6.Pathapalya.	" Appasamaiya.

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Tumkur Taluk.

1. Chiktotalkere. } Chairmen of the Village Panchayats
2. Urukere }

Korategere Taluk.

1. Kurumkote.

Kunigal Taluk.

1. Begur.
2. Tavarekere.
3. Mavinahalli.
4. Huliyurdurga.

Chiknaikanahalli taluk.

1. Halguna.
2. Navile.
3. Dadarahalli.
4. Thimmanahalli.

Pavagada Taluk.

1. Venkatapura.

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Pavagada Taluk.

2. Mangalwada.
3. Arasikere.
4. Hosakote.

} Chairmen of the Village Panchayets

Turuvekere sub taluk.

1. Dobbeghatta.
2. Tandaga.
3. Mayasandra.
4. Vittalapura.

Sira Taluk.

1. Sorekunte.
2. Chiratahalli.
3. Baragur.
4. Kallambella.
5. Tavarekere.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

Mysore taluk.

1. Vajamangala.	Mr. Savandiah Chairman.
2. Kadakola.	" Venkatasubbiah.
3. Naganahalli.	" Sivananjegowda.
4. Siddalingapura.	" Subba Sastry.

Heggadadevankote Taluk.

1. Madapura grama.	" Nanjegowda.

Malavalli Taluk.

1. Halagur.	" Bogegowda.
2. Lingapatna.	" Puttaswami Gowda.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Arasikere Taluk.

1. Aggunda)
2. Javagal)

Chairmen of the Village Panchayets

Chennarayapatna Taluk.

1. Kantarajapur
2. Santesivara

do.

Arkalgud Taluk.

1. Rudrapatna
2. Basavapatna.

do.

55 to 9.
d VP 12-33-42.

—GPB—

19

From

To

Dated

Despatched

Received

General No.
No.

Enclosure No.

published in the Mysore Gazette.

The entire file of records bearing on the subject is sent herewith for perusal and return.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

A. Ramachandra

For Deputy Commissioner,
Mysore District.
(Absent from station).

Now

A.N. Submit for orders with VP file No 46-32 Sts 1, 32 etc wherein the Asst Secy Laws has opined that the area to be acquired is only to be declared approximately even in the final declaration statements.

An erratum will perhaps do, instead of a fresh declaration statement Laws Section may be consulted if necessary

The discrepancy between the areas mentioned in the declaration drafts already submitted & as now reported is rather large.

22.5-38 PV

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Shimoga Taluk.	
1. Jannapur.	Chairman. Gram Village Panchayat
2. Gadikoppa.	"
3. Gajnur.	"
4. Arabilichi.	"
5. Nidige.	"
6. Thattihalli.	"
7. Santhekadur.	"
Honnali taluk.	
1. Soratur.	Mr. Lingappa - Chairman.
2. Gollarahalli.	" Rangappa- "
Shikarpur.	
1. Belagavi.	" Hasem Sab "
Nagar taluk.	
1. Nagar.	" C. Vaman Rao.
2. Duggenaikoppa.	2 Venkatarao.
3. Thalale.	" Veerabhadrappa.
4. Abbi.	" Narayana Rao.
Thirthahalli taluk.	
1. Devangi.	" Thimmana Gowda Chairman
Kumsi.	
1. Harnahalli.	" G.C.Chennabasappa

KADUR DISTRICT.

Chikmagalur Taluk:-	**Messrs.**
1. Karthikere.	Killedar Thirumalaraju Puttaraju Kariraju.
2. Huruvangi.	Basave Gowda.
3. Bigganahalli.	Abdul Khuddus. Abdul Basith. Srinivasa Rao.
4. Amble.	Channabasave Gowda.
5. Kalasapura.	A.Gundappa.
6. Aldur.	A.V.Dyavappagowda.
7. Marle.	K.Venkata Rao. Doddabasavegowda.

Letter No.O.T.26/32-33 dated 17th August 1933, from the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, to the Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.

With reference to Section37 of the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation II of 1926, I have the honour to state that the Village Panchayet in Chickballapur Taluk have adopted the resolution to levy an optional tax of Rs.6-12-0 per family, for general improvements. The procedure prescribed under Rules 3 of the Rules published in Government Notification No.4347-L.B.26-26-126 dated the 6th January 1927 has been strictly followed in these cases. The enclosed list shows the date of notification, the dates of meetings and the strength of the Panchayet and the number of members who were present and voted for the resolution. The proposal has been passed in every case by not less than 2/3rds of the members constituting the Panchayets as required under proviso Section 37 (1) of the Village Panchayet Regulation.

× Kuppahalli Panchayet, Nandi Hobli.

In these circumstances, I request that you will be so good as to obtain sanction of Government to the proposed levy in the undermentioned Village Panchayets.

" C o p y "

C Rudrappa

For Revenue Commissioner.

BR.

Kadur Taluk.	Messrs.
~~Ixxxmanthiah.~~	Ra
1. Patnagere.	Ananthiah.
2. Anigere.	Rangadasegowda.
3. Sakrepatna.	Nadig Kesavamurthi.
4. Giriapura.	Nanjegowda.
5. Garje.	Ujjanappa.
6. S.Bidare.	Siddegowda.
7. K Kyadigere.	Subbappa Naika.
8. Nagarahalu.	Ramegowda.
9. Asandi.	M.Basappa.
10. Garugadahalli	Marigowda Chairman.

Tarikere Taluk.	
1. Haliyur.	Medikari Naik.
2. Sivane.	Gourappa.
3. Kudlur.	Rudrappa.
4. Lingadahalli.	Venkataramanaiah.

Koppa Taluk.	
1. ~~Nanjundax Setty~~. Sollebyle.	Nanjunda Setty.
2. Narve.	Bettagere Krishna Bhatta.
3. Thalamakki.	A.C. Mathias.
4. Yellemalaloo.	Appu Menon

Narasimharajapura sub taluk.	
1. ~~Upadhya~~. Seethur.	H.Ganapathi Upadhya chairman

CHITALDRUG DISTRICT.

Hiriyur taluk.	Messrs.
1. Metikurki.	R.Siddiah.
2. Hartikote	~~Hartikote~~.
	G.Rudrappa.

2. Holalkere Taluk	
1. Talya	Siddaramappa.
2. Ramagiri.	Siddalingappa.
3. Arabagatta.	Siddalingappa.
4. Gunjagalur.	Seshadriah.
5. Kodagavalli.	Halagappa.
6. Gunderi.	Halappa.

Davangere taluk.	
1. Alur.	Chennappa.
2. Lokikere.	M.Srinivasa Rao.
3. Bethur.	Panduranga Rao.
4. Hadadi.	Subba Rao.
5. Bada.	Sankrappa.
6. Doddabathi.	Siddappa.
7. Syabnnur.	Chennappa.
8. Nerlag	Siddaramanna.
9. Ranagondanahalli.	Ramappa.

~~Jagalur taluk~~

1. ~~Binerk~~

P.T.O.

Jagalur Taluk.

1. Biderkere.
2. Kalledevarpura.

Mr. Basappa.
Doddalingappa.

For Revenue Commissioner

BB

PROCEEDINGS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF H.H.
THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

READ:-

The report on the working of the Village Panchayets in the State during the year 1931-33, received with letter No.C.Per. A.50/32-33 dated 21/23rd December 1933, from the Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.

ORDER NO: 16374-95/V845-33-2

Dated, Bangalore, the 20th Dec 1934

R E C 0 R D E D.

page 1 of report.

2. Constitution.- The total number of Village Panchayets and hamlets at the close of the year was 10604, against 10582 during the previous year, the increase being due to the splitting up of some of the old group panchayets during reconstitution in the Kolar, Tumkur, Kadur and Chitaldrug Districts. The total number of elected and nominated members on the last day of the year was 49175 and 28848, as against 49330 and 28699 respectively in the previous year.

3. Meetings.- There was no improvement during the year in regard to the number of meetings held, except for a slight increase in the Kolar, Shimoga and Kadur Districts. It is reported that while the generality of Panchayets did not meet ffequently enough, some did not meet at all This is unsatisfactory. Government reiterate their remarks in ~~the matter~~ this respect made in their reviews of past years and request the Revenue Commissioner to issue needful instructions with a view to see ~~xxxxxxx~~

that the Panchayets hold at least the prescribed number of meetings.

4. Finance.- There was at the beginning of the year a cash balance of Rs.30,88,570/- at the credit of the Village Panchayets. The income and expenditure during the year were Rs.9,08,513 and Rs.7,51,80 respectively, and the closing balance was Rs.32,45,274. Though there was an increase in the receipts by Rs.64,313, there was no tangible improvement in the recovery of arrears. Out of the total demand of Rs.43,38,003/- only a sum of Rs.10,74,882/-, including remissions, was realised as against Rs.9,04,967/- in the previous year, leaving a balance of Rs.32,63,121 as against Rs.29,1897 in the previous year. The arrears are the heaviest in the Mysore, Bangalore and Tumkur Districts, which are responsible for one half of the outstanding amount. It is stated that action is being taken to write off the accounts of the arrears which are time barred. This should be expedited, as no purpose is served by allowing such amounts to encumber the accounts and showing swollen figures as arrears. Government hope that with the disciplinary action proposed to be taken by the Revenue Commissioner under Section 54(1) of the Village Panchayet Regulation to supersede defaulting panchayets, better results in collection work will be achieved during the current year.

The expenditure incurred during the year was Rs.7,51,809 as against Rs.7,25,222/- in the preceding year. While conservancy,

Sanitation and water supply received adequate attention as in previous years, greater activity was shown in regard to the execution of public works such as Panchayet halls schools, buildings, drains, culverts, cattle-pounds etc., the amount spent on them being Rs.3,35,663/- against Rs.2,93,573 in the previous year. Street-lighting in villages received greater attention either by the replacement of kerosine lights by petromax ~~lights~~ lamps or the installation of Electric lights. Electric lights were installed in 25 villages and proposals for installing them in some more villages were ~~in progress.~~ under consideration

With a view to utilise the large amount at the credit of Village Panchayets for works of public utility, such as the opening of new village roads, construction of bridges and causeways, the laying out of villages etc., according to a settled programme, Government have recently sanctioned a scheme for the employment of a ~~spar~~ special staff of Panchayet Inspectors with technical experience for the execution of Panchayet works.

5. Activities of the Village Panchayets.- The system of employing weekly communal labour for the execution of village works, continued in many villages, the value of labour so contributed during the year being Rs.1,50,000. Several Village Panchayets rendered medical aid in their villages by distributing Quinine and anti-malarial pills freely A new District Board

Dispensary was opened during the year at Taylur, the local and neighbouring Village Panchayets contributing Rs.1,000/- for initia expenditure and Rs.300/- per year towards recurring charges. New Vaidyasalas were opened in a few villages and the village panchayets of Rampur, and Kalkur of Koratagere and Gubbi Taluks respectively arranged for weekly visits of the Sub Assistant Surgeons of Koratagere and Kadaba. I The Agricultural Implements were purchased during the year by several village panchayets for being let out on hire to the villagers and ragi/seed and manure were also purchased and distributed to the villages. The system of entrusting to village Panchayets the management of Muzrai Institutions, village tanks and village J forests was extended during the year. Improvement of village communications received special attention as also the improvement of villages by laying out ~~xxxx~~ parks and extensions and approach roads and erection of ornamental gate pillars and fixing of name boards.

6 General.- A Rural Industries Section was organised to demonstrate rural and cottage industries during the All-India Exhibition held at Mysore during the year 1932. A number of Baby Shows and Health Exhibitions were held in a number of places throughout the State, Besides the exhibi tions organised as adjuncts to the Conference held at ~~Rx~~ Bowringpet, Malur and Krishnaraj-pet. The Baby Show at Hoskote was presided over by Sir Charles Todhunter, Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja and

the combined village and taluk conference at Bowringpet by the First Member of Council

Government are glad to find that a large number of non-official gentlemen took active and keen interest in the working of the Village Panchayet Scheme and in movements of public utility during the year and wish to convey their thanks to these gentlemen. They are also glad to note that in spite of continued economic depression, a number of Village Panchayets worked satisfactorily and inaugurated improvements. ~~The Village Panchayet scheme is growing in popularity.~~

General Secretary to Govt.

To

The Rev. Comr. in mysore
D.C.s. of Districts
presidents of Dt Boards
Comptroller to Govt.
Secy to Govt Electric Deptt
Chief Engineer of mysore
Director of Industries & Commerce
Director of Agriculture.

S.R.

Ex Lia

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness
the Maharaja of Mysore.

R e a d:-

The report on the working of the Village Panchayets in the State during the year 1932-33, received with letter No.C.Per.A. 50/32-33 dated 21st/23rd December 1933 from the Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.

Order No. L 6374-95/VP 45-33-2

Dated, Bangalore, the 16th February 1934.
20/G

R e c o r d e d.

2. Constitution:- The total number of Village Panchayets and hamlets at the close of the year was 10604, against 10582 during the previous year, the increase being due to the splitting up of some of the old group panchayets during reconstitution in the Kolar, Tumkur, Kadur and Chitaldrug Districts. The total number of elected and nominated members on the last day of the year was 49175 and 28848, as against 49330 and 28699 respectively in the previous year.

3. Meetings:- There was no improvement during the year in regard to the number of meetings held, except for a slight increase in the Kolar, Shimoga and Kadur Districts. It is reported that while the generality of Panchayets did not meet frequently enough, some did not meet at all. This is unsatisfactory. Government reiterate their remarks in this respect made in their reviews of past years and request the Revenue Commissioner to issue needful instructions with a view to see that the Panchayets hold at least the prescribed number of meetings.

4. Finance:- There was at the beginning of the year a cash balance of Rs ~~30,570~~ 30,88,570 at the credit of the Village Panchayets. The income and expenditure during the year were Rs 9,08,513 and Rs 7,51,809 respectively, and the closing balance was Rs 32,45,274.

Though there was an increase in the receipts by Rs 64,313, there was no tangible improvement in the recovery of arrears. Out of the total demand of Rs 43,38,003 only a sum of Rs 10,74,882, including remissions, was realised as against Rs 9,04,967 in the previous year, leaving a balance of Rs 32,63,121 as against Rs 29,18,972 in the previous year. The arrears are the heaviest in the Mysore, Bangalore and Tumkur Districts, which are responsible for one half of the outstanding amount. It is stated that action is being taken to write off the accounts the arrears which are time barred. This should be expedited, as no purpose is served by allowing such amounts to encumber the accounts and showing swollen figures as arrears. Government hope that with the disciplinary action proposed to be taken by the Revenue Commissioner under Section 54(1) of the Village Panchayet Regulation to supersede defaulting panchayets, better results in collection work will be achieved during the current year.

The expenditure incurred during the year was Rs 7,51,809 as against Rs 7,25,222 in the preceding year. While conservancy, sanitation and water supply received adequate attention as in previous years, greater activity was shown in regard to the execution of public works such as Panchayet Halls, Schools, buildings, drains, culverts, cattle-pounds etc., the amount spent on them being Rs 3,35,663 against Rs 2,93,573 in the previous year. Street-lighting in villages received greater attention either by the replacement of kerosine lights by petromax lamps or the installation of electric lights. Electric lights were installed in 25 villages and proposals for installing them in some more villages were under consideration.

With a view to utilise the large amount at the credit of Village Panchayets for works of public utility, such as the opening of new village roads, construction of bridges and causeways, the laying out of villages etc., according to a settled programme, Government have recently sanctioned a scheme for the employment of a special staff of Panchayet Inspectors with

5529

6389/33
P 0 33

General and Revenue Secretariat | File No. | of 193 | [App. F. III—2

Serial No.

Under Sec 8 of the L.A Regn the Dy Com is required ~~to~~ cause the land to be measured & under Sec 9 (2) the parts concerned may object to the measurements made under Sec 8 ~~[illegible]~~ The award under Sec 11 should take account of the true area of the land as finally decided by the Dy Com. It is not therefore clear if, in the present instance, there should be a republication of the declaration stating mentioning the correct area of the two S. Nos as proposed by the Dy Com, myself.

For favour of opinion

Asstt Secy (Law) with Comfts

Sd/- 6/7

The final declaration sanctions the acquisition of the whole of S. Nos. 97+98 and not merely a part of it, as is clear from the total extent of the S Nos & the extent declared for acquisition and also from the boundaries & the plan. There is therefore no need to issue any fresh declarations merely because of the inaccuracy of the extent mentioned The true area has to be determined in the award to be passed.

Asst Secy (Law) with Comfts

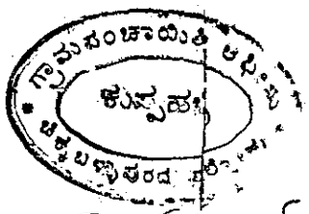
Sd/- 6/7/34

4/7 Law

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 01536—GPB—7,500—5-4-34

15/1



ಇಂದ 1932 ಕೀಲಾಗಿನ ವರ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ ಕಾಲಮಿ 22 ವರ್ಷಗಳು ಕಟ್ಟಿದ್ದೇವೆ ಸಾಲುವ ಕಂ
ಪಾಯಿಂಟ್ ಬೆಲೆಯಿಂದ ಸಾಲು, ಕಟ್ಟಿದ್ದೇವೆ ಸಾಲುವ ಪಾವತಿಯಿಂದ ಮೊದಲು ಕೆಲವು ಪತ್ರ
ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳು ಸೇರಿದ್ದಾರೆ ಮತ್ತು ಕೆಲವು ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮಗಳು ನಡೆದಿವೆ.

ಹಾಗಾಗಿ ಕಿರಿಯರು ಸಾಧಿಸಲು ಇಷ್ಟ ಪಡುತ್ತಾರೆ.

7. ಈ ಸಾಲುವ ಪಾಯಿಂಟ್ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಲುವ ಪಾಯಿಂಟ್ ಅನ್ನು ಸಾರಥಿಯ ಕೆಲಸದಲ್ಲಿ ಇವರಿಗೆ ಪ್ರಯಾಣ ಸಾರಥಿಯ ಬಿಲ್ ಅನ್ನು ಪಾಂಡಿಚೇರಿಯ ಅಂದರೆ ಬೇರೆ ಸಾಲುವ ಪಾಯಿಂಟ್ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲವು ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮಗಳು ಇವರಿಗೆ ಪ್ರಯಾಣ ಸಾರಥಿಯ ಬಿಲ್ ಅನ್ನು ಪಾಂಡಿಚೇರಿಯ ಅಂದರೆ ಬೇರೆ ಸಾಲುವ ಪಾಯಿಂಟ್ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲವು ಸಾರಥಿಯ ಬಿಲ್ ಅನ್ನು ಪಾಂಡಿಚೇರಿಯ ಅಂದರೆ ಬೇರೆ ಸಾಲುವ ಪಾಯಿಂಟ್ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಕೆಲವು ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮಗಳು ಇವರಿಗೆ ಪ್ರಯಾಣ

technical experience for the execution of Panchayet works.

5. Activities of the Village Panchayets:- The system of employing weekly communal labour for the execution of village work continued in many villages, the value of labour so contributed during the year being Rs 1,50,000. Several Village Panchayets rendered medical aid in their villages by distributing Quinine and anti-malarial pills freely. A new District Board Dispensary was opened during the year at Tayalur, the local and neighbouring Village Panchayets contributing Rs 1,000 for initial expenditure and Rs 300 per year towards recurring charges. New Vaidyasalas were opened in a few villages and the Village Panchayets of Rampur and Kallur of Koratagere and Gubbi Taluks respectively arranged for weekly visits of the Sub-Assistant Surgeons of Koratgere and Kadaba. Agricultural Implements were purchased during the year by several Village Panchayets for being let out on hire to the villagers and ragi seed and manure were also purchased and distributed to the villagers. The system of entrusting to Village Panchayets the management of Muzrai Institutions, village tanks and village forests ~~were~~ was extended during the year. Improvement of village communications received special attention, as also the improvement of villages by laying out parks and extensions and approach roads and erection of ornamental gate pillars and fixing of name boards.

6. General:- A Rural Industries Section was organised to demonstrate rural and cottage industries during the All-India Exhibition held at Mysore during the year 1932. A number of Baby Shows and Health Exhibitions were held in a number of places throughout the State, besides the exhibitions organised as adjuncts to the Conference held at Bowringpet, Malur and Krishnarajapet. The Baby Show at Hoskote was presided over by Sir Charles Todhunter K.C.S.I., Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore and the combined village and Taluk Conference at Bowringpet by the First Member of Council.

Government are glad to find that a large number of

non-official gentlemen took active and keen interest in the working of the Village Panchayet Scheme and in movements of public utility during the year and wish to convey their thanks to these gentlemen. They are also glad to note that in spite of continued economic depression, a number of Village Panchayets worked satisfactorily and inaugurated improvements.

M S Krishnamachar
for General Secretary to Government.

To

The Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts,
The Presidents of District Boards,
The Comptroller to Government of Mysore,
The Secretary to Government, Electrical Department.
The Chief Engineer of Mysore
The Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore.
The Director of Agriculture in Mysore

PSK.11

Echa

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness
the Maharaja of Mysore.

R e a d:-

The report on the working of the Village Panchayets in the State during the year 1932-33, received with letter No.G.Per.A. 50/32-33 dated 21st/23rd December 1933, from the Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.

Order No. L6374-95/VP 45-33-2

Dated, Bangalore, the 16th February 1934.
20 K.

R e c o r d e d.

2. Constitution:- The total number of Village Panchayets and hamlets at the close of the year was 10604. against 10582 during the previous year, the increase being due to the splitting up of some of the old group panchayets during reconstitution in the Kolar, Tumkur, Kadur and Chitaldrug Districts. The total number of elected and nominated members on the last day of the year was 49175 and 2848, as against 49330 and 2869 respectively in the previous year.

3. Meetings:- There was no improvement during the year in regard to the number of meetings held, except for a slight increase in the Kolar, Shimoga and Kadur Districts. It is reported that while the generality of Panchayets did not meet frequently enough, some did not meet at all. This is unsatisfactory. Government reiterate their remarks in this respect made in their reviews of past years and request the Revenue Commissioner to issue needful instructions with a view to see that the Panchayats hold at least the prescribed number of meetings.

4. Finance:- There was at the beginning of the year a cash balance of Rs ~~30,579~~ 30,88,570 at the credit of the Village Panchayets. The income and expenditure during the year were Rs 9,08,813 and Rs 7,51,809 respectively, and the closing balance was Rs 32,45,274.

Though there was an increase in the receipts by Rs 64,313, there was no tangible improvement in the recovery of arrears. Out of the total demand of Rs 43,38,003 only a sum of Rs 10,74,832, including remissions, was realised as against Rs 9,04,967 in the previous year, leaving a balance of Rs 32,63,121 as against Rs 23,18,972 in the previous year. The arrears are the heaviest in the Mysore, Bangalore and Tumkur Districts, which are responsible for one half of the outstanding amount. It is stated that action is being taken to write off the accounts the arrears which are time barred. This should be expedited, as no purpose is served by allowing such amounts to encumber the accounts and showing swollen figures as arrears. Government hope that with the disciplinary action proposed to be taken by the Revenue Commissioner under Section 84(1) of the Village Panchayet Regulation to supersede defaulting panchayets, better results in collection work will be achieved during the current year.

The expenditure incurred during the year was Rs 7,51,809 as against Rs 7,25,222 in the preceding year. While conservancy, sanitation and water supply received adequate attention as in previous years, greater activity was shown in regard to the execution of public works such as Panchayet Halls, Schools, buildings, drains, culverts, cattle-pounds etc., the amount spent on them being Rs 3,35,663 against Rs 2,93,573 in the previous year. Street-lighting in villages received greater attention either by the replacement of kerosine lights by petromax lamps or the installation of electric lights. Electric lights were installed in 28 villages and proposals for installing them in some more villages were under consideration.

With a view to utilise the large amount at the credit of Village Panchayets for works of public utility, such as the opening of new village roads, construction of bridges and causeways, the laying out of villages etc., according to a settled programme, Government have recently sanctioned a scheme for the employment of a special staff of Panchayet Inspectors with

technical experience for the execution of Panchayet works.

5. Activities of the Village Panchayets:- The system of employing weekly communal labour for the execution of village works continued in many villages, the value of labour so contributed during the year being Rs 1,50,000. Several Village Panchayets rendered medical aid in their villages by distributing Quinine and anti-malarial pills freely. A new District Board Dispensary was opened during the year at Tayalur, the local and neighbouring Village Panchayets contributing Rs 1,000 for initial expenditure and Rs 300 per year towards recurring charges. New Vaidyasalas were opened in a few villages and the Village Panchayets of Rampur, and Kallur of Koratagere and Gubbi Taluks respectively arranged for weekly visits of the Sub-Assistant Surgeons of Koratgere and Kadaba. Agricultural Implements were purchased during the year by several Village Panchayets for being let out on hire to the villagers and ragi seed and manure were also purchased and distributed to the villagers. The system of entrusting to Village Panchayets the management of Kusrai Institutions, village tanks and village forests was extended during the year. Improvement of village communications received special attention, as also the improvement of villages by laying out parks and extensions and approach roads and erection of ornamental gate pillars and fixing of name boards.

6. General:- A Rural Industries Section was organised to demonstrate rural and cottage industries during the All-India Exhibition held at Mysore during the year 1932. A number of Baby Shows and Health Exhibitions were held in a number of places throughout the State, besides the exhibitions organised as adjuncts to the Conference held at Bowringpet, Kalur and Krishnarajapet. The Baby Show at Hoskote was presided over by Sir Charles Todhunter K.C.S.I., Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore and the combined village and Taluk Conference at Bowringpet by the First Member of Council.

Government are glad to find that a large number of

non-official gentlemen took active and keen interest in the working of the Village Panchayat Scheme and in movements of public utility during the year and wish to convey their thanks to these gentlemen. They are also glad to note that in spite of continued economic depression, a number of Village Panchayats worked satisfactorily and inaugurated improvements.

for General Secretary to Government.

To

The Revenue Commissioner in Mysore,
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts
The Presidents of District Boards.
The Comptroller to Government of Mysore,
The Secretary to Government. Electrical Department.
The Chief Engineer of Mysore,
The Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore,
The Director of Agriculture in Mysore

Pak.11

Extra

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness
the Maharaja of Mysore.

R e a d:-

The report on the working of the Village Panchayets in the State during the year 1933-33, received with letter No:C.Per.A. 80/32-33 dated 21st/23rd December 1933, from the Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.

Order No. L 6374-95/VP 45-33-2

Dated, Bangalore, the 16th February 1934.
28

R e c o r d e d.

2. Constitution:- The total number of Village Panchayets and hamlets at the close of the year was 10604, against 10582 during the previous year, the increase being due to the splitting up of some of the old group panchayets during reconstitution in the Kolar, Tumkur, Kadur and Chitaldrug Districts. The total number of elected and nominated members on the last day of the year was 49175 and 28843, as against 49330 and 28699 respectively in the previous year.

3. Meetings:- There was no improvement during the year in regard to the number of meetings held, except for a slight increase in the Kolar, Shimoga and Kadur Districts. It is reported that while the generality of Panchayets did not meet frequently enough, some did not meet at all. This is unsatisfactory. Government reiterate their remarks in this respect made in their reviews of past years and request the Revenue Commissioner to issue needful instructions with a view to see that the Panchayets hold at least the prescribed number of meetings.

4. Finance:- There was at the beginning of the year a cash balance of Rs ~~30,570~~ 3088570 at the credit of the Village Panchayets. The income and expenditure during the year were Rs 9,08,513 and Rs 7,51,809 respectively, and the closing balance was Rs 32,45,274.

Though there was an increase in the receipts by Rs 64,313, there was no tangible improvement in the recovery of arrears. Out of the total demand of Rs 43,38,003 only a sum of Rs 10,74,882, including remissions, was realised as against Rs 9,04,967 in the previous year, leaving a balance of Rs 32,63,121 as against Rs 29,18,972 in the previous year. The arrears are the heaviest in the Mysore, Bangalore and Tumkur Districts, which are responsible for one half of the outstanding amount. It is stated that action is being taken to write off the accounts the arrears which are time barred. This should be expedited, as no purpose is served by allowing such amounts to encumber the accounts and showing swollen figures as arrears. Government hope that with the disciplinary action proposed to be taken by the Revenue Commissioner under Section 54(1) of the Village Panchayet Regulation to supersede defaulting panchayets, better results in collection work will be achieved during the current year.

The expenditure incurred during the year was Rs 7,51,809 as against Rs 7,25,222 in the preceding year. While conservancy, sanitation and water supply received adequate attention as in previous years, greater activity was shown in regard to the execution of public works such as Panchayat Halls, Schools, buildings, drains, culverts, cattle-pounds etc., the amount spent on them being Rs 3,35,663 against Rs 2,93,573 in the previous year. Street-lighting in villages received greater attention either by the replacement of kerosine lights by petromax lamps or the installation of electric lights. Electric lights were installed in 25 villages and proposals for installing them in some more villages were under consideration.

With a view to utilise the large amount at the credit of Village Panchayets for works of public utility, such as the opening of new village roads, construction of bridges and causeways, the laying out of villages etc., according to a settled programme, Government have recently sanctioned a scheme for the employment of a special staff of Panchayet Inspectors with

technical experience for the execution of Panchayet works.

5. Activities of the Village Panchayets:- The system of employing weekly communal labour for the execution of village works continued in many villages, the value of labour so contributed during the year being Rs 1,50,000. Several Village Panchayets rendered medical aid in their villages by distributing Quinine and anti-malarial pills freely. A new District Board Dispensary was opened during the year at Tayalur, the local and neighbouring Village Panchayets contributing Rs 1,000 for initial expenditure and Rs 300 per year towards recurring charges. New Vaidyasalas were opened in a few villages and the Village Panchayets of Rampur and Kallur of Koratagere and Gubbi Taluks respectively arranged for weekly visits of the Sub-Assistant Surgeons of Koratgere and Kadaba. Agricultural Implements were purchased during the year by several Village Panchayets for being let out on hire to the villagers and ragi seed and manure were also purchased and distributed to the villagers. The system of entrusting to Village Panchayets the management of Rural Institutions, village tanks and village forests were extended during the year. Improvement of village communications received special attention, as also the improvement of villages by laying out parks and extensions and approach roads and erection of ornamental gate pillars and fixing of name boards.

6. General:- A Rural Industries Section was organised to demonstrate rural and cottage industries during the All-India Exhibition held at Mysore during the year 1932. A number of Baby Shows and Health Exhibitions were held in a number of places throughout the State, besides the exhibitions organised as adjuncts to the Conference held at Bowringpet, Malur and Krishnarajapet. The Baby Show at Hoskote was presided over by Sir Charles Todhunter K.C.S.I., Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore and the combined village and Taluk Conference at Bowringpet by the First Member of Council.

Government are glad to find that a large number of

non-official gentlemen took active and keen interest in the working of the Village Panchayet Scheme and in movements of public utility during the year and wish to convey their thanks to these gentlemen. They are also glad to note that in spite of continued economic depression, a number of Village Panchayets worked satisfactorily and inaugurated improvements.

for General Secretary to Government.

To

The Revenue Commissioner in Mysore,
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts,
The Presidents of District Boards,
The Comptroller to Government of Mysore,
The Secretary to Government, Electrical Department,
The Chief Engineer of Mysore,
The Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore,
The Director of Agriculture in Mysore.

Fak.11

1. సాక్షులందరు 1. సాక్షిబోనర్ధవరావుదారి దూ. 3 లక్ష్మీనరసింహం
దుపనంతేందులు, ఎకరకు ఆసిశేర్ట్ల ఐంద గాలుచుట్ల కంచాబ్బిన్నది
ఆనే — భూమానాథ నిరకేంపు పోలాచారిలకు ఇవ్వడ్డి లక్ష్మీనరసం
కేనాథ — ఈ స్వాసుకంచాబ్బి దాలు నా దరినంచాబ్బి లాసాను
నంకే — ఈ మాట్ల మాగి రేట్ల కింద్ల ఇంకే ఈస్వాసుకంచాబ్బిగే
సాక్షి కేంపు క్వాలిఫికేషన్ తాతిచ్చికోరుచుకోండు, కొల్లాక్ ఉపుల
దాంక్ష్మాలందరు కాళ్ళ రేట్ల రోబ్బి పోలేంద రీతి మాగినలాంబ్బు

లక్ష్మీనరసింహం దారులు—

తే. 24.11.932—

[illegible]
లక్ష్మీనరసింహం.

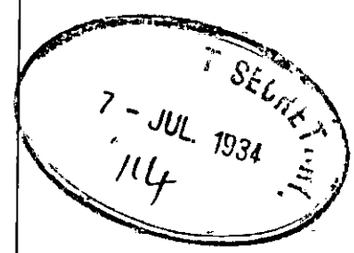
5549

File No. of 193 | General and Revenue Secretariat

Please put up a draft reply to the D'can's access

6.7.34

Maybe agreed



To

The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore

L. 729 of 31-7-34.

Returns needs stating that there is no necessity to issue any fresh declaration as the original declaration has already been notified in Sl. 125.

B
31-7-34.

Government of his highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

GENERAL AND REVENUE DEPARTMENTS.

G. O. No. L 6374-95—V. P. 45-33-2, dated 16—20th February 1934.

Report on the Administration of Village Panchayets.

Reviews the —— in the State during the year 1932-33.

READ—

The report on the working of the Village Panchayets in the State during the year 1932-33, received with letter No. C. Per. A. 50—32-33, dated 21st—23rd December 1933, from the Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.

ORDER NO. L. 6374-95—V. P. 45-33-2, DATED BANGALORE, THE 16—20TH FEBRUARY 1934.

Recorded.

2. *Constitution.*—The total number of Village Panchayets and Hamlets at the close of the year was 10,604 against 10,582 during the previous year, the increase being due to the splitting up of some of the old group panchayets during reconstitution in the Kolar, Tumkur, Kadur and Chitaldrug Districts. The total number of elected and nominated members on the last day of the year was 49,175 and 28,848, as against 49,330 and 28,699, respectively in the previous year.

3. *Meetings.*—There was no improvement during the year in regard to the number of meetings held, except for a slight increase in the Kolar, Shimoga and Kadur Districts. It is reported that while the generality of panchayets did not meet frequently enough, some did not meet at all. This is unsatisfactory. Government reiterate their remarks in this respect made in their reviews of past years and request the Revenue Commissioner to issue needful instructions with a view to see that the panchayets hold at least the prescribed number of meetings.

4. *Finance.*—There was at the beginning of the year a cash balance of Rs. 30,88,570 at the credit of the Village Panchayets. The income and expenditure during the year were Rs. 9,08,513 and Rs. 7,51,809, respectively, and the closing balance was Rs. 32,45,274. Though there was an increase in the receipts by Rs. 64,313, there was no tangible improvement in the recovery of arrears. Out of the total demand of Rs. 43,38,003, only a sum of Rs. 10,74,882 including remissions, was realised as against Rs. 9,04,967 in the previous year, leaving a balance of Rs. 32,63,121 as against Rs. 29,18,972 in the previous year. The arrears are the heaviest in the Mysore, Bangalore and Tumkur Districts, which are responsible for one-half of the outstanding amount. It is stated that action is being taken to write off the accounts the arrears which are time-barred This should be expedited, as no purpose is served by allowing such amounts to encumber the accounts and showing swollen figures as arrears. Government hope that with the disciplinary action proposed to be taken by the Revenue Commissioner under Section 54 (1) of the Village Panchayet Regulation to supersede defaulting panchayets, better results in collection work will be achieved during the current year.

The expenditure incurred during the year was Rs. 7,51,809 as against Rs. 7,25,222 in the preceding year. While conservancy, sanitation and water-supply received adequate attention as in previous years, greater activity was shown in regard to the execution of public works, such as panchayet halls, schools, buildings, drains, culverts, cattle-pounds, etc., the amount spent on them being Rs. 3,35,663 against Rs. 2,93,573 in the previous year. Street lighting in villages received greater attention either by the replacement of kerosene lights by petromax lamps or the installation of electric lights. Electric lights were installed in 25 villages and proposals for installing them in some more villages were under consideration.

No. L. 6374-95—V. P. 45-33-2, DATED 16—20TH FEBRUARY 1934.

With a view to utilise the large amount at the credit of Village Panchayets for works of public utility, such as the opening of new village roads, construction of bridges and causeways, the laying out of villages, etc., according to a settled programme, Government have recently sanctioned a scheme for the employment of a special staff of Panchayet Inspectors with technical experience for the execution of panchayet works.

5. *Activities of the Village Panchayets.*—The system of employing weekly communal labour for the execution of village works, continued in many villages, the value of labour so contributed during the year being Rs. 1,50,000. Several Village Panchayets rendered medical aid in their villages by distributing quinine and anti-malarial pills freely. A new District Board Dispensary was opened during the year at Tayalur, the local and neighbouring Village Panchayets contributing Rs. 1,000 for initial expenditure, and Rs. 300 per year towards recurring charges. New Vaidyasalas were opened in a few villages and the Village Panchayets of Rampur and Kallur of Kortagere and Gubbi Taluks respectively, arranged for weekly visits of the Sub-Assistant Surgeons of Kortagere and Kadaba. Agricultural implements were purchased during the year by several Village Panchayets for being let out on hire to the villagers and ragi seed and manure were also purchased and distributed to the villagers. The system of entrusting to Village Panchayets the management of Muzrai institutions, village tanks and village forests was extended during the year. Improvement of village communications received special attention, as also the improvement of villages by laying out parks and extensions and approach roads and erection of ornamental gate pillars and fixing of name boards.

6. *General.*—A Rural Industries Section was organised to demonstrate rural and cottage industries during the All-India Exhibition held at Mysore, during the year 1932. A number of Baby Shows and Health Exhibitions were held in a number of places throughout the State, besides the exhibitions organised as adjuncts to the Conference held at Bowringpet, Malur and Krishnarajapete. The Baby Show at Hoskote was presided over by Sir Charles Todhunter, K C.S I., Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, and the combined Village and Taluk Conference at Bowringpet by the First Member of Council.

Government are glad to find that a large number of non-official gentlemen took active and keen interest in the working of the Village Panchayet Scheme and in movements of public utility during the year and wish to convey their thanks to these gentlemen. They are also glad to note that in spite of continued economic depression, a number of Village Panchayets worked satisfactorily and inaugurated improvements.

H. V. RAMASVAMI,
Secretary to Government,
General Department.

To—The Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
The Presidents of District Boards.
The Comptroller to Government of Mysore.
The Secretary to Government, Electrical Department.
The Chief Engineer of Mysore.
The Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore.
The Director of Agriculture in Mysore.

Exd--C. K.

W D 1580-GPB-525-26-2-34